Computer Science Progression Map – Supported by NCCE 'Teach Computing' Units							
	Autumn 1	**Autumn 2**	**Spring 1**	**Spring 2**	**Summer 1**	**Summer 2**	**Cross Curricular**
EYFS	Study computational thinking in everyday life scenarios. Use 'Barefoot Computing at School' guidance to support. Skills focus on: Tinkering, Making, Collaboration, Persevering, Logic, Pattern, Abstraction, Algorithms and Decomposition						
KS1	**Pupils should be taught to:** understand what algorithms are; how they are implemented as programs on digital devices; and that programs execute by following precise and unambiguous instructions create and debug simple programs use logical reasoning to predict the behaviour of simple programs use technology purposefully to create, organise, store, manipulate and retrieve digital content recognise common uses of information technology beyond school use technology safely and respectfully, keeping personal information private; identify where to go for help and support when they have concerns about content or contact on the internet or other online technologies.						
Yr 1	**E-safety/ Basic Skills**	**Technology Around Us**	**Digital Painting**	**Programming & Coding - Moving Robots**	**Group Data**	**Programming & Coding - programming animations**	**Digital Writing (Lit)**
	Typing skills, logging in and out	To identify technology To identify a computer and its main parts To use a mouse in different ways To use a keyboard to type To use the keyboard to edit text To create rules for using technology responsibly	To describe what different freehand tools do To use the shape tool and the line tools To make careful choices when painting a digital picture To explain why I chose the tools I used To use a computer on my own to paint a picture To compare painting a picture on a computer and on paper	To explain what a given command will do To act out a given word To combine forwards and backwards commands to make a sequence To combine four direction commands to make sequences To plan a simple program To find more than one solution to a problem	To label objects To identify that objects can be counted To describe objects in different ways To count objects with the same properties To compare groups of objects To answer questions about groups of objects	To choose a command for a given purpose To show that a series of commands can be joined together To identify the effect of changing a value To explain that each sprite has its own instructions To design the parts of a project To use my algorithm to create a program	To use a computer to write To add and remove text on a computer To identify that the look of text can be changed on a computer To make careful choices when changing text To explain why I used the tools that I chose To compare writing on a computer with writing on paper
Yr 2	**E-safety/ Basic Skills**	**IT around us**	**Digital Photography**	**Programming (Robot Algorithm)**	**SATS**	**Programming – Intro to quizzes**	**Pictograms (maths)**
	Using IT software – open, save, edit files, fonts, images, coloured text, objects in tables	To recognise the uses and features of information technology To identify information technology in the home To identify information technology beyond school To explain how information technology benefits us To show how to use information technology safely To recognise that choices are made when using information technology	To know what devices can be used to take photographs To use a digital device to take a photograph To describe what makes a good photograph To decide how photographs can be improved To use tools to change an image To recognise that images can be changed	To describe a series of instructions as a sequence To explain what happens when we change the order of instructions To use logical reasoning to predict the outcome of a program (series of commands) To explain that programming projects can have code and artwork To design an algorithm To create and debug a program that I have written		To explain that a sequence of commands has a start To explain that a sequence of commands has an outcome To create a program using a given design To change a given design To create a program using my own design To decide how my project can be improved	Pictograms: To recognise that we can count and compare objects using tally charts To recognise that objects can be represented as pictures To create a pictogram To select objects by attribute and make comparisons To recognise that people can be described by attributes To explain that we can present information using a computer

KS2	Pupils should be taught to: design, write and debug programs that accomplish specific goals, including controlling or simulating physical systems; solve problems by decomposing them into smaller parts use sequence, selection, and repetition in programs; work with variables and various forms of input and output use logical reasoning to explain how some simple algorithms work and to detect and correct errors in algorithms and programs understand computer networks including the internet; how they can provide multiple services, such as the world wide web; and the opportunities they offer for communication and collaboration use search technologies effectively, appreciate how results are selected and ranked, and be discerning in evaluating digital content select, use and combine a variety of software (including internet services) on a range of digital devices to design and create a range of programs, systems and content that accomplish given goals, including collecting, analysing, evaluating and presenting data and information use technology safely, respectfully and responsibly; recognise acceptable/unacceptable behaviour; identify a range of ways to report concerns about content and contact.						
Yr 3	**E-safety (Nearpod 1,2,3)**	**Connecting Computers, Networks, Search engines**	**Coding - Stop-frame animation**	**Sequencing in music**	**Databases / Questionnaires**	**Coding – Events & Actions**	**Extra skills/ Desktop publishing**
	To explain how digital devices function To identify input and output devices To recognise how digital devices can change the way we work To explain how a computer network can be used to share information To explore how digital devices can be connected To recognise the physical components of a network	To explain how a sprite moves in an existing project To create a program to move a sprite in four directions To adapt a program to a new context To develop my program by adding features To identify and fix bugs in a program To design and create a maze-based challenge	To explore a new programming environment I can identify that each sprite is controlled by the commands I choose To explain that a program has a start To recognise that a sequence of commands can have an order To change the appearance of my project To create a project from a task description	To create questions with yes/no answers To identify the object attributes needed to collect relevant data To create a branching database To identify objects using a branching database To explain why it is helpful for a database to be well structured To compare the information shown in a pictogram with a branching database	To explain how a sprite moves in an existing project To create a program to move a sprite in four directions To adapt a program to a new context To develop my program by adding features To identify and fix bugs in a program To design and create a maze-based challenge	To recognise how text and images convey information To recognise that text and layout can be edited To choose appropriate page settings To add content to a desktop publishing publication To consider how different layouts can suit different purposes To consider the benefits of desktop publishing
Yr 4	**E-safety (Nearpod4,5,6,7)**	**Internet, Servers, Networks**	**Data logging**	**Photo Editing?**	**Coding – Repetition in shapes**	**Coding – Repetition in games**	**Audio Editing (Music)**
	To describe how networks physically connect to other networks To recognise how networked devices make up the internet To outline how websites can be shared via the World Wide Web To describe how content can be added and accessed on the World Wide Web To recognise how the content of the WWW is created by people To evaluate the consequences of unreliable content	To explain that data gathered over time can be used to answer questions To use a digital device to collect data automatically To explain that a data logger collects 'data points' from sensors over time To use data collected over a long duration to find information To identify the data needed to answer questions To use collected data to answer questions	To explain that digital images can be changed To change the composition of an image To describe how images can be changed for different uses To make good choices when selecting different tools To recognise that not all images are real To evaluate how changes can improve an image	To identify that accuracy in programming is important To create a program in a text-based language To explain what 'repeat' means To modify a count-controlled loop to produce a given outcome To decompose a program into parts To create a program that uses count-controlled loops to produce a given outcome	To develop the use of count-controlled loops in a different programming environment To explain that in programming there are infinite loops and count controlled loops To develop a design which includes two or more loops which run at the same time To modify an infinite loop in a given program To design a project that includes repetition To create a project that includes repetition	To identify that sound can be digitally recorded: To use a digital device to record sound: To explain that a digital recording is stored as a file: To explain that audio can be changed through editing: To show that different types of audio can be combined and played together: To evaluate editing choices made:

Yr 5	**E-safety (Nearpod 1,2,3,4) Use of software inc diff software for 1 purpose??**	**Sharing information, Search engines**	**Selection in physical computing**	**Databases**	**Selection in Quizzes**	**Video Editing**	**Vector Drawing (Maths/Art)**
		To explain that computers can be connected together to form systems To recognise the role of computer systems in our lives To recognise how information is transferred over the internet To explain how sharing information online lets people in different places work together To contribute to a shared project online To evaluate different ways of working together online	To control a simple circuit connected to a computer To write a program that includes count-controlled loops To explain that a loop can stop when a condition is met, eg number of times To conclude that a loop can be used to repeatedly check whether a condition has been met To design a physical project that includes selection To create a controllable system that includes selection	To use a form to record information To compare paper and computer-based databases To outline how grouping and then sorting data allows us to answer questions To explain that tools can be used to select specific data To explain that computer programs can be used to compare data visually To apply my knowledge of a database to ask and answer real-world questions	To explain how selection is used in computer programs To relate that a conditional statement connects a condition to an outcome To explain how selection directs the flow of a program To design a program which uses selection To create a program which uses selection To evaluate my program	To recognise video as moving pictures, which can include audio To identify digital devices that can record video To capture video using a digital device To recognise the features of an effective video To identify that video can be improved through reshooting and editing To consider the impact of the choices made when making and sharing a video	To identify that drawing tools can be used to produce different outcomes To create a vector drawing by combining shapes To use tools to achieve a desired effect To recognise that vector drawings consist of layers To group objects to make them easier to work with To evaluate my vector drawing
Yr 6	**E-safety Nearpod 1, 5,6,7)**	**Communication**	**Coding - Sensing**	**SATS**	**SATS**	**SATS (post-SATS)**	**Spreadsheets / 3D Modelling (Post-SATS)**
	Use of diff sotware for purposes Microsoft Vs Google	How computers commu, searching, results, networks To identify how to use a search engine To describe how search engines select results To explain how search results are ranked To recognise why the order of results is important, and to whom To recognise how we communicate using technology To evaluate different methods of online communication	To create a program to run on a controllable device To explain that selection can control the flow of a program To update a variable with a user input To use an conditional statement to compare a variable to a value To design a project that uses inputs and outputs on a controllable device To develop a program to use inputs and outputs on a controllable device			To define a 'variable' as something that is changeable To explain why a variable is used in a program To choose how to improve a game by using variables To design a project that builds on a given example To use my design to create a project To evaluate my project	To identify questions which can be answered using data To explain that objects can be described using data To explain that formula can be used to produce calculated data To apply formulas to data, including duplicating To create a spreadsheet to plan an event To choose suitable ways to present data To use a computer to create and manipulate three-dimensional (3D) digital objects To compare working digitally with 2D and 3D graphics

						To construct a digital 3D model of a physical object To identify that physical objects can be broken down into a collection of 3D shapes To design a digital model by combining 3D objects To develop and improve a digital 3D model